

Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

FOREIGN AND INSULAR.

AUSTRALIA.

Sydney-Examination of Rats.

The following information was taken from bulletins issued by the department of public health of New South Wales:

During the four weeks ended August 12, 1,878 rats were examined

for plague infection. No plague-infected rat was found.

The last case of human plague was reported May 29, 1909. The last plague-infected rat was found April 25, 1910.

AUSTRIA-HUNGARY.

Fiume Declared Free from Cholera.

Consul Slocum forwards a statement dated August 28 from the ministerial councillor declaring Fiume to be free from cholera.

CHINA.

Manchuria-Cholera.

Surg. Irwin at Yokohama reports, September 4, that since August 15, 23 cases of cholera have been reported at Dalny and 10 cases at Kinchow.

CUBA.

Transmissible Diseases.

The following statement of transmissible diseases in the island of Cuba was issued by the national department of sanitation:

AUGUST 11-20, 1911.

Diseases.	New cases.	Deaths.	Remaining under treatment.
Tuberculosis. Leprosy. Malaria. Typhoid fever Diphtheria. Scarlet fever Measles. Varicella Tetanus in the new born. Filariasis.	42 3 31 34 19 5 42 2 9	63 1 8 15 4 1 2 2 0 8	2, 172 346 135 110 13 10 116 2 2 2

ECUADOR.

Guayaquil-Plague and Yellow Fever.

Passed Asst. Surg. Parker reports September 5 that for the last 16 days of the month of August there were reported 9 new cases of plague with 6 deaths and 3 new cases of yellow fever with 1 death in the city of Guayaquil.

(1489)